## 7A Am. Jur. 2d Automobiles § 406

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## **Automobiles and Highway Traffic**

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V. Traffic Regulations; Offenses Regarding Vehicles, Driving, Licensing, and Registration

M. Other Offenses

## § 406. Particular equipment regulations; excessive loads

Topic Summary | Correlation Table | References

## West's Key Number Digest

West's Key Number Digest, Automobiles 327, 337

Traffic regulations may restrict the materials used on a windshield that might obstruct, obscure, or impair a driver's clear view of the highway, which does not prohibit items hanging on a rearview mirror. Under some statutes it is a violation of the window tint statute if any one window is tinted to the extent that an occupant cannot be recognized through that window. A nontransparent sticker on a motor vehicle's rear window is not, in and of itself, a violation of a vehicle code. Other statutes prohibit objects obstructing the view of the driver of a motor vehicle. A statute, prohibiting the obstruction of a car's windshield, does not per se prohibit the hanging of any item on the inside of a windshield without regard to whether it obstructs the driver's vision, as a violation of the statute must be linked to an obstruction of the driver's vision.

A statute requiring safety glass in a vehicles does not by its plain terms prohibit the operation of vehicles equipped with a rear windshield damaged so badly it is impossible to see through the window, as the fact that a panel of safety glass is cracked or otherwise damaged does not mean that it is no longer safety glass.<sup>6</sup>

A person wearing the shoulder harness of a seat belt under the arm, so it crosses the torso, is restrained as required by statute.<sup>7</sup>

Traffic regulations sometimes prohibit operating a motor vehicle upon a highway while using a hand-held mobile telephone. A statute defining the offense of using a wireless telephone while driving may prohibit only the use of a wireless telephone to engage in a conversation, and thus a defendant who holds a cellular telephone in his or her hand and looks at a map application while driving does not thereby commit the offense. A provision prohibiting a motorist's use of a portable electronic device, including a cell phone, while operating a motor vehicle may not encompass the use of a cell phone as a clock or watch.

Load limits may be imposed on vehicles, <sup>11</sup> to ensure the safety and quality of public roads. <sup>12</sup> Such statutes may be penal, and thus must be strictly construed. <sup>13</sup> Local jurisdictions may be granted broad powers to enforce a vehicle weight ordinance adopted consistent with the applicable state statutory provisions. <sup>14</sup> Whether a police officer had reason to believe that the weight of a truck driver's load exceeded the permissible limits is not a necessary element required to establish a violation of the statute prescribing weight limits per axle. <sup>15</sup>

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Footnotes	
1	Gordon v. State, 901 So. 2d 399 (Fla. 2d DCA 2005).
2	Doctor v. State, 57 N.E.3d 846 (Ind. Ct. App. 2016).
3	Com. v. Slattery, 2016 PA Super 99, 139 A.3d 221 (2016).
4	State v. Houghton, 2015 WI 79, 364 Wis. 2d 234, 868 N.W.2d 143 (2015).
5	State v. Hurley, 198 Vt. 552, 2015 VT 46, 117 A.3d 433 (2015).
6	State v. Mercier, 165 N.H. 83, 66 A.3d 1242 (2013).
7	People v. Locke, 1 Misc. 3d 482, 765 N.Y.S.2d 468 (N.Y. City Ct. 2003) (seat belt regulation is malum prohibitum).
8	State v. Dunbar, 165 Conn. App. 93, 138 A.3d 455 (2016).
9	People v. Spriggs, 224 Cal. App. 4th 150, 168 Cal. Rptr. 3d 347 (5th Dist. 2014).
10	People v. Riexinger, 40 Misc. 3d 623, 968 N.Y.S.2d 832 (Town Ct. 2013).
11	State v. Meadows, 696 N.W.2d 593 (Iowa 2005); State v. Myrl & Roy's Paving, Inc., 2004 SD 98, 686 N.W.2d 651 (S.D. 2004); State v. T.P. Trucking, 2006 WI App 98, 293 Wis. 2d 273, 715 N.W.2d 736 (Ct. App. 2006).
12	State v. Myrl & Roy's Paving, Inc., 2004 SD 98, 686 N.W.2d 651 (S.D. 2004).
13	Com. v. Reaser, 2004 PA Super 148, 851 A.2d 144 (2004) (defendant acting under local delivery exception is not required to determine the shortest route of travel on the weight-restricted roadway).
14	Village of North Aurora v. Anker, 357 Ill. App. 3d 1049, 294 Ill. Dec. 470, 830 N.E.2d 882 (2d Dist. 2005).
15	People v. Gentner, Inc., 262 Mich. App. 363, 686 N.W.2d 752 (2004).

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